



# **PV<sub>MET</sub>-150**

## **User's Guide**

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## Introduction

The PVMET - 150 weather station is a compact and economical solution for photovoltaic installations. It is capable of measuring ambient air temperature, two PV panel temperatures, and two pyranometers. The station was specifically designed to measure second-class, first-class, or secondary-standard pyranometers in a global and plane-of-array configuration. The PVMET – 150 is Sunspec compliant and uses a 2-wire half duplex serial port for Modbus communication to a host.

### ***Unpacking the System***

When unpacking the system the following components should be located.

A1200 – PVMET -150 Sensor Assembly  
A2101 – PV Cell Temperature Sensor  
A1030 – Sensor Assembly Mounting Mast  
PVMET -150 User's Guide

If the system was ordered with any accessory, it should be located while unpacking the system. The available accessories for the PVMET -150 are listed below.

A2101 – PV Cell Temperature Sensor  
A202X – Pyranometer Sensor, The number “X” is dependent on model of pyranometer.  
A203X - Integrated Pyranometer Mount, The number “X” is dependent on model of pyranometer.  
A3000 - Mono-Mount  
A3010 – Tripod Galvanized Steel  
A3020 - Flat Roof Mount



If any of the components are missing, RainWise Inc. should be contacted.

## Installing the Weather Station

It is suggested that you operate your system at ground level and make sure that all components operate properly prior to installation.

If any of the components are damaged or malfunctioning upon receipt, RainWise should be contacted.

### ***Site Requirements and Considerations***

Ambient air temperature and irradiance can be affected by obstructions and local topography. Each site is different and presents challenges in its own unique way. Any object, in excess of 10 degrees above the plane of the irradiance sensor, must not block the sensor. The PVMET -150 sensor assembly, which contains the ambient air

temperature, should be no closer than 4 times any obstruction's height and should be placed away from any dark, heat-absorbing surfaces.

When roof-mounting the sensor assembly, the unit should be mounted toward an edge of the roof preferably on the prevailing wind side of the building and should be at least 2 1/2 feet above the roofline. Avoid locating the station near any heat sources such as chimneys or vents.

### ***Installation***

#### **Weather Station**

Mount the support mast securely. This may be done by using the Mono-Mount, Tripod, or Flat-Roof-Mount, which are sold as an accessory to the PVMET - 150. The mast may also be attached to a support structure using U-Bolts. Do not tighten the support structure to the PVMET -150 unit; it will need to be first oriented to the correct direction.

Rotate the assembled unit until the electronics enclosure faces TRUE SOUTH or TRUE NORTH if you are in the northern or southern hemisphere, respectively. Secure the support mast to the assembly. Rotation is prevented by lining up the two holes in each mast.

#### **Integrated Irradiance Sensor**

When the PVMET -150 is ordered with a pyranometer and integrated pyranometer mount it will pre-installed on the unit. The pyranometer mount allows for the measurement of global or plane of array irradiance. To accurately measure this quantity, the sensor must be adjusted to the appropriate angle. This is done by using a 5/32" or 4mm Allen wrench to loosen the adjustable mounting bracket to the same angle as the solar panel array. For global irradiance measurements, the sensor should be fixed in a horizontal position.



#### **PV Temperature Sensors**

This sensor is designed to attach directly to any solar panel. When placed on the center of the back of the panel, it accurately measures the temperature of the panel.

Prior to installation of the PV temperature sensor onto the PV panel, the installation area of the panel back should be thoroughly cleaned. This cleaning will ensure a good bond between sensor and panel and allow for accurate panel temperature readings.

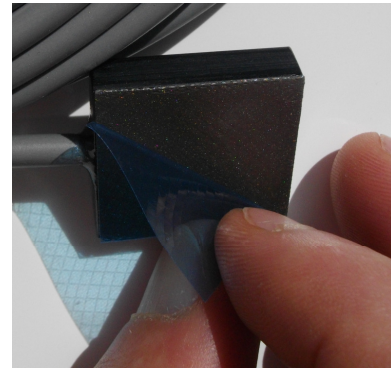


After cleaning, peel off the protective adhesive tape on the temperature sensor and stick it onto the panel. Firmly press the sensor into place. Refer to the picture on the next page.

The cable should be secured within 8 inches of the temperature-sensing element.

Run the cable back to the PVMET -150 unit and connect to the PV temperature sensor terminals.

If the cable length of 25ft is insufficient for the installation, additional cable can be added to the existing cable. If this is done, an accuracy-derating factor must be added to the overall temperature accuracy of this sensor. For every 100ft of cable added, a derating factor of - 0.125°C must be taken into account.



### ***Wiring***

To enter the enclosure with a cable, the lid must first be removed. Remove the four Philips head screws from the back of the enclosure. Once the lid is removed, the circuit board is exposed. The inside of the enclosure will appear as below.



When replacing the cover, make sure that all installed cables are pinched by the black foam on the bottom of the enclosure. This will enable a weather tight seal.

### **Connecting External PV Cell Temperature Sensors**

The PV cell temperature sensors are not polarity sensitive. Therefore, each signal wire is interchangeable. The sensor comes with a 25ft length of cable. An additional PV cell temperature sensor is sold as an accessory and can be installed into the unit if needed.

#### PV Cell Temperature Terminals

PV Temp #1:	Signal
PV Temp #1:	Signal
PV Temp #1 Shield:	Cable Shield and Drain

#### Additional PV Cell Temperature Terminals

PV Temp #2:	Signal
PV Temp #2:	Signal
PV Temp #2 Shield:	Cable Shield and Drain

### **Connecting External and Integrated Pyranometer Sensors**

When the PVMET-150 is ordered with an integrated pyranometer it will come pre-installed in the Pyranometer #1 connector.

An additional pyranometer can be integrated into the unit. This is an accessory to the PVMET-150. The use of two pyranometers creates a complete solution for solar monitor. This configuration enables the capture of both global and plane of array irradiance.

#### Integrated Pyranometer Terminals

Pyranometer #1:	Signal Positive
GND:	Signal Negative
Shield:	Cable Shield and Drain

#### Additional Pyranometer Terminals

Pyranometer #2:	Signal Positive
GND:	Signal Negative
Shield:	Cable Shield and Drain

If a pyranometer is used that is not factory installed, a sensor specific sensitivity constant must be saved to the PVMET-150. This sensitivity constant is issued by the manufacture of the pyranometer and are typical in units of  $\mu\text{V/W/m}^2$ . For more information see “Setting the Sensitivity Constant for Pyranometers”.



### **Connecting RS-485**

The PVMET-150 is supplied with a half duplex RS-485/422 serial port. The default firmware build supports RS-422 only. Custom firmware builds are addressable and support integration into RS-485 networks. Contact RainWise for further information.

Wiring connections are made using the 4-pin screw terminal inside the PVMET-150 electronics enclosure. Cable is not supplied with the unit. The RS-485/422 lines are terminated with a 120-ohm resistor. This can be disabled by moving the termination jumper, located inside the unit, to the OFF position. This requires removing the enclosure cover. To do this, remove the 4 screws on the back side of the unit.

#### RS-485/422 Terminals

A (-) :	Negative RS-485
B (+) :	Positive RS-485
GND:	Signal Ground
Shield:	Cable Shield and Drain

RS-485 is rated to 4,000 feet (1,200m) at 90 kbps. The RS-485 port on the PVMET-150 is surge protected but not isolated.

### **Connecting the Power Supply**

The power supply is nominally rated for 24VDC but can accept a voltage in the range of 10 to 30VDC. The inputs are reverse polarity, surge, overvoltage and over current protected. The power supply is not isolated.

#### Power Supply Terminals

Earth GND:	Earth or Chassis Ground
GND:	Negative Supply Voltage
24VDC:	Positive Supply Voltage

## SunSpec and Modbus

The PVMET-150 follows the SunSpec standard. Refer to the official SunSpec specifications for application information. The full register map is listed below. The PVMET-150 has the following default communication settings:

### **Serial/ General**

Baud Rate 9600  
Parity None  
Stop Bits 1

### RS-232

Flow control None

### RS-485

2-Wire Half Duplex

### Modbus

Device ID 60

### **Register Map:**

Registers start at holding register 40,001

Start	End	#	Name	Type	Units	Scale Factor	Contents	Description
0001	0002	2	C_SunSpec_ID	uint32	N/A	N/A	"SunS"	Well-known value. Uniquely identifies this as a SunSpec Modbus Map
0003	0003	1	C_SunSpec_DID	uint16	N/A	N/A	0x0001	Well-known value. Uniquely identifies this as a SunSpec Common Model block
0004	0004	1	C_SunSpec_Length	uint16	registers	N/A	65	Length of common model block
0005	0020	16	C-Manufacturer	String(32)	N/A	N/A	"Rainwise_Inc"	Well-known value
0021	0036	16	C-Model	String(32)	N/A	N/A	"PVMet-150"	Manuf specific value
0037	0044	8	C-Options	String(16)	N/A	N/A	"0"	Manuf specific value
0045	0052	8	C-Version	String(16)	N/A	N/A	"1"	Manuf specific value
0053	0068	16	C_Serial Number	String(32)	N/A	N/A	"Serial"	Manuf specific value
0069	0069	1	C_DeviceAddress	uint16	N/A	N/A	60	Modbus Id
0070	0070	1	C_SunSpec_DID	int16	N/A	N/A	307	Start of next Device
0071	0071	1	C_SunSpec_Length	int16	N/A	N/A	11	Device Model Block Size
0072	0072	1	E_BaseMet_Air Temperature	int16	°C	-1	Measured	Ambient Air Temperature
0073	0073	1	E_BaseMet_Relative Humidity	int16	%	0	N/A	Relative Humidity
0074	0074	1	E_BaseMet_Barometric Pressure	int16	Hpa	0	N/A	Barometric Pressure
0075	0075	1	E_BaseMet_Wind Speed	int16	m/s	0	N/A	Wind Speed
0076	0076	1	E_BaseMet_Wind_Direction	int16	Degrees	0	N/A	Wind Direction

0077	0077	1	E_BaseMet_Rain	int16	Inches	0	N/A	Rainfall
0078	0078	1	E_BaseMet_Snow	int16	Inches	0	N/A	Snowfall since last poll
0079	0079	1	E_BaseMet_PPT_Type	int16	Inches	N/A	N/A	Precipitation Type (WMO 4680 SYNOP code reference)
0080	0080	1	E_BaseMet_Electric_Field	int16	V/m	0	N/A	Electric Field
0081	0081	1	E_BaseMet_Surface_Wetness	int16	kOhms	0	N/A	Surface Wetness
0082	0082	1	E_BaseMet_Soil_Moisture	int16	%	0	N/A	Soil Moisture
0083	0083	1	C_SunSpec_DID	int16	N/A	0	302	Well-known value. Uniquely identifies this as a SunSpec Irradiance Model
0084	0084	1	C_Sunspec_Length	int16	N/A	0	5	Variable length model block $= (5 * n)$ , where n=number of sensors blocks
0085	0085	1	E_Irradiance_Global_Horizontal_1	uint16	W/m <sup>2</sup>	0	Measured	Global Horizontal Irradiance
0086	0086	1	E_Irradiance_Plane-of-Array_1	uint16	W/m <sup>2</sup>	0	N/A	Plane-of-Array Irradiance
0087	0087	1	E_Irradiance_Diffuse_1	uint16	W/m <sup>2</sup>	0	N/A	Diffuse Irradiance
0088	0088	1	E_Irradiance_Direct_1	uint16	W/m <sup>2</sup>	0	N/A	Direct Irradiance
0089	0089	1	E_Irradiance_Other_1	uint16	W/m <sup>2</sup>	0	N/A	Some other type Irradiance
0090	0090	1	C_SunSpec_DID	int16	N/A	0	303	Well-known value. Uniquely identifies this as a SunSpec Back of Module Temperature Model
0091	0091	1	C_Sunspec_Length	int16	N/A	0	2	Variable length model block $= (5 * n)$ , where n=number of sensors blocks
0092	0092	1	E_BOM_Temp_1	int16	°C	-1	Measured	Back of module temperature
0093	0093	1	E_BOM_Temp_2	int16	°C	-1	Measured	Back of module temperature
0094	0094	1	EndOfSunspecBlock	uint16	N/A	N/A	0xFFFF	End of SunSpec Block
0095	0095	1	C_Sunspec_Length	uint16	N/A	0	0	Terminate length, zero
0200	0200	1	Modbus Id - Write Register	int16	N/A	N/A	60	Modbus device address, write register
0201	0201	1	Lock Byte (not used)	int16	N/A	N/A	0	Not Used
0202	0202	1	Sensitivity Constant 1	uint16	uV/M <sup>2</sup>	-2	X	Factory programmed irradiance constant for sensor 1
0203	0203	1	Sensitivity Constant 2	uint16	uV/M <sup>2</sup>	-2	X	Factory programmed irradiance constant for sensor 2

### Changing the Modbus Device Address

The Modbus device can be changed using either the MBID command or directly through Modbus. Refer to the Command Mode instructions to set the address using the command mode.

Modbus register 40200 contains the unsigned 16-bit address. Writing to this register will update the device's Modbus address. The write request will be acknowledged but will change immediately after the response has been issued. The valid address range is 1

through 255. Write requests outside this range will not update the address. The address is stored in flash memory and will remain in affect permanently or until it is changed again.

In order to use the Modbus method to change a device address you must know the current device address. If you do not know the address and cannot scan for it, you will have to use the Command Mode. The command mode requires a PC and does not require an address. It can only be used with a point-to-point RS-485 connection.

#### **Setting the Pyranometer Calibration Constant**

Each pyranometer has a specific sensitivity calibration constant that is provided by the sensor's manufacturer. The PVmet-150 must be set to match this value. If your station was purchased with an integrated sensor, the appropriate calibration constants have been preprogrammed at the factory. You may need to adjust these constants if you replace or recalibrate the sensors.

The  $\mu\text{V}/\text{W}/\text{m}^2$  constants for each sensor should be written to Modbus holding registers 40202 & 40203 respectively. The sensitivity number provided by the sensor manufacturer should be between 5.00 and 40.00  $\mu\text{V}/\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ . This number should be multiplied by 100 and written to the appropriate register as a 16-bit unsigned integer. A sensitivity of say 12.56 would be written as 1256. Once written, the setting will be saved to flash memory and will remain in affect until overwritten. The value will not be lost if power is removed from the station.

## Command Mode:

By default, the PVMET -150 will boot in Modbus mode and will not respond to the commands listed here. To enter the command mode issue three '+' characters one second apart. The PVMET -150 will return a message indicating that it is in command mode. After one minute of inactivity it will exit command mode and return to the default Modbus mode.

Commands must be terminated with a <CR> character. Responses begin and end with a <CR><LF>.

If the command syntax or parameters are incorrect the device will respond with **ERROR**. If the command is accepted, the device will respond with **OK**. Commands may not be chained together. Commands are not case sensitive.

### Command Set

---

#### Get Column Headers: HEADER

**Description:** Returns a series of comma-delimited text descriptions. These descriptions are used to identify the type and order of the returned data in both **NOW** and **DOWNLOAD** commands.

**Values:** None

**Syntax:** HEADER

#### Sample Response:

```
HDR,"AIR TEMP","PV TEMP1","PV TEMP2","SOLAR","CHIP_TEMP",!213
```

#### Key:

HDR : Identifier, HDR= Header, MSG= Message, REC= Data Record, MAX= Maximums and MIN= Minimums.

AIR TEMPT : Current ambient air temperature.

PV TEMP1 : First current Back-of-Module temperature.

PV TEMP2 : Second current Back-of-Module temperature.

SOLAR : Current global horizontal irradiance.

CHIP\_TEMP : CPU temperature.

!XXXX : CRC-16 Checksum. *See Calculating the Checksum.*

*NOTE: The parameter count may increase in future models.*

#### Get Current Data: NOW

**Description:** Returns the current values in a comma-delimited format. The order of the data values correspond to the output of the HEADER command. **NO DATA** is returned if the unit has not received a transmission from the weather station.

**Values:** None

**Syntax:** NOW

Sample Response:

22.5,-40.0,-40.0,0, 29.3,!168

**Auto Output:** AUTO

**Description:** Automatically outputs current data every second. This is equivalent to issuing the NOW command every second. This mode will exit upon reception of any character. If no data is received from the weather station, the units will not output.

**Values:** None

**Syntax:** AUTO

Sample Response:

OK

**Software Reboot:** REBOOT

**Description:** Forces a soft reboot of the interface. On boot up the version information is output.

**Values:** None

**Syntax:** REBOOT

Sample Response:

None

**Version Information:** VERSION

**Description:** Returns firmware version information.

**Values:** None

**Syntax:** VERSION

Sample Response:

**Modbus Device Address:** MBID

**Description:** The Modbus device address can be viewed or changed using this command. The default is address is 60

**Values:** ?,1 - 255

**Syntax (Read):** MBID=?

**Syntax (Write):** MBID=60

Sample Read Response:

60

Sample Write Response:

OK

**Serial Number:** SERIAL

**Description:** The serial number of the device can be viewed or changed using this command. The serial number string is returned in SunSpec Common block.

**Values:** ?, character string (31 character limit)

**Syntax (Read):** SERIAL=?

**Syntax (Write):** SERIAL=ABC123

Sample Read Response:

ABC123

Sample Write Response:

OK

**Command Mode:** EXIT

**Description:** Exits from the command mode. Modbus is not functional in command mode.

**Values:** None

**Syntax:** EXIT

Sample Response:

Exiting Command Mode...

---

**Calculating the Checksum:**

The PVMET -150 uses a 16 CRC checksum. The CRC uses the same polynomial as the one used in Xmodem transfers (XMODEM-CRC).

The Polynomial is as follows:

$$x^{16} + x^{12} + x^5 + 1$$

The CRC calculation starts at the first ASCII character of the response. Leading carriage return line feeds are not included. All characters are included in the calculation up until but not including the exclamation character. The checksum is represented as a hexadecimal number.

The following C example code can be used to calculate the checksum:

```
/* Global Variables */
unsigned short int acc;

/* *****
/* Initialize Accumulator
/* *****/
void
crcl6Init(void)
{
    acc= 0;
}

/* *****
/* Add byte
/* *****/
void
crcl6Add( unsigned short int _data )
{
    unsigned char n;

    for (n=8; n ;n--)
    {
        if ((acc & 0x8000)>0)
        {
            acc<<= 1;
            _data<<= 1;
            if ((_data & 256)!=0)
                acc++;
            acc^= 0x1021;
        }
        else
        {
            acc<<= 1;
            _data<<= 1;
            if ((_data & 256)!=0)
                acc++;
        }
    }
}
```



```
}
/* *****
/* Return CRC accumulator
/* *****/
unsigned short int crc16Acc(void)
{
    unsigned short int tmp= acc, retval;

    crc16Add(0);
    crc16Add(0);    // add two zeros to get a valid crc
    retval= acc;
    acc= tmp;      //restore acc

    return retval;
}
```

## **Software/Firmware Updates**

The software or firmware in the PVMET -150 can be updated or changed using the RS-485 port. Make sure to read the update instructions carefully and be sure you are installing the correct software. As with all updates, there are risks associated with changing the flash memory.

Updates are loaded using a Windows based program called IAPflash. This program is supplied with the “.enc” file along with instructions. Windows is required to perform updates. No other operating systems are currently supported.

## **Minimum System Requirements**

The PVMET -150 is equipped with an RS-485 serial port.

### **RS-485/422**

Baud rate: 9600 bps  
Parity: None  
Data bits: 8  
Stop bits: 1  
Interface mode: 2-wire half duplex

### **Software**

The PVMET -150 is designed to work with an RS-485 Sunspec compliant host. A terminal emulator program is required to change settings.

# Material Specifications

## Sensor Assembly:

RoHS Compliant  
Mast: Anodized Aluminum  
Heat Shields: Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene  
Insulation Sensors Bracket: Anodized Aluminum  
Hardware: Stainless Steel and Nylon Locknut

## Enclosure:

RoHS Compliant  
IP65 Rated Outdoor Enclosures  
UL 94 V-2  
Body: Polycarbonate

## Pyranometer Sensor:

RoHS Exempt  
Body: Anodized Aluminum  
Cable: Santoprene Jacket

## Ambient Air Temperature Sensor:

RoHS Compliant

## PV Panel Temperature Sensors:

RoHS Compliant  
Body: Anodized Aluminum  
Adhesive Tape: Acrylic, Titanium Diboride, and Aluminum  
Cable: Polyvinyl Chloride Jacket

## Electronics:

RoHS Compliant

## Physical:

Packaged Weight: 10 lbs.  
Packaged Dimensions: 29" x 14" x 8"

# Hardware Specifications

## Common Specifications

Power Requirements: 10 ~ 30VDC at 50mA  
 Operational Temperature: -40 ~ 60°C (-40 ~ 140°F)  
 Humidity: 0-100% Condensing

## Pyranometer Sensors

The PVMET -150 is compatible with thermopile-based pyranometers. Please contact RainWise if you have a specific pyranometer manufacture you would like to use. As an example of compatible sensors, Kipp & Zonen pyranometers are listed below with their specifications.

Pyranometer Sensor	CMP 3	CMP 6	CMP 11	CMP 21	CMP 22
ISO 9060:1990 Classification	Second Class	First Class	Secondary Standard	Secondary Standard	Secondary Standard
Spectral Range	285 ~ 2800 nm	285 ~ 2800 nm	285 ~ 2800 nm	285 ~ 2800 nm	200 ~ 3600 nm
Maximum Irradiance	2000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	2000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	4000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	4000 W/m <sup>2</sup>	4000 W/m <sup>2</sup>
Response Time to 95%	< 18 s	< 18 s	< 5 s	< 5 s	< 5 s
Response Time to 63%	< 6 s	< 6 s	< 1.7 s	< 1.7 s	< 1.7 s
Non-Linearity (0 ~ 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> )	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 0.2 %	< 0.2 %	< 0.2 %
Non-Stability (Change/Yr)	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 0.5 %	< 0.5 %	< 0.5 %
Directional Error (Up to 80° with 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> beam)	< 20 W/m <sup>2</sup>	< 20 W/m <sup>2</sup>	< 10 W/m <sup>2</sup>	< 10 W/m <sup>2</sup>	< 5 W/m <sup>2</sup>
Temperature Dependency of Sensitivity	< 5 % (-10 ~ 40°C)	< 4 % (-10 ~ 40°C)	< 1 % (-10 ~ 40°C)	< 1 % (-20 ~ 50 °C)	< 0.5 % (-20 ~ 50 °C)
Tilt Error (at 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> )	< 1 %	< 1 %	< 0.2 %	< 0.2 %	< 0.2 %
Temperature Range	-40 ~ 80 °C	-40 ~ 80 °C	-40 ~ 80 °C	-40 ~ 80 °C	-40 ~ 80 °C

## Ambient Air Temperature Sensor:

Range: -40 ~ 80°C (-40 ~ 176°F)  
 Accuracy: ± 0.3°C (0.54°F)  
 Thermal Time Constant 30 s

## PV Panel Temperature Sensors:

Range: -40 ~ 80°C(-40 ~ 176°F)  
 Accuracy: ±0.3°C (0.54°F)  
 Thermal Time Constant: 270 s  
 Cable Length 7.62m (25 ft)

## RS-485/422 Serial Specifications

Mode: 2-wire half duplex  
 Connector: 4-position screw terminal, (A,B, signal and earth ground)  
 Max Speed: 9600 bps  
 Max. Modbus Poll Rate: 100 ms  
 Termination: 120 ohms (internal jumper enable)

## Contact Information

RainWise Inc.  
18 River Field Rd  
Trenton, ME  
04609 USA

Phone: (207)-288-5169

## Warranty

RainWise, Inc. warrants RainWise, Inc. manufactured PVMET products against defects in materials and/or workmanship for a period of two years from the date of purchase and agrees to repair or replace any defective product without charge. Equipment supplied by RainWise but not manufactured by RainWise is covered by the particular warranty of that manufacturer.

**IMPORTANT:** This warranty does not cover damages resulting from accident, misuse or abuse, lack of reasonable care, the fixing of any attachment not provided with the product or damage due to a lightning strike. RainWise, Inc. will not reimburse for take-down or installation charges. RainWise, Inc. will not pay for warranty service performed by a non-authorized repair service and will not reimburse the consumer for damage resulting from warranty service performed by a non-authorized repair service. No responsibility is assumed for any special, incidental or consequential damages.

To return a unit under this warranty, call (800)762-5723 within the continental US or (207)288-5169. The service department will document the need for repair/replacement and arrange such. Shipping costs from the customer to RainWise are borne by the customer, RainWise will cover return shipment. It is the customer's responsibility to see that the unit is properly packed, preferably in the original box, because damage occurring during return shipment is not covered by this warranty.

**NOTE:** No other warranty, written or oral, is authorized by RainWise, Inc. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights, which vary from state to state. Some states do not allow the exclusion of limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above exclusion and limitations may not apply to you.