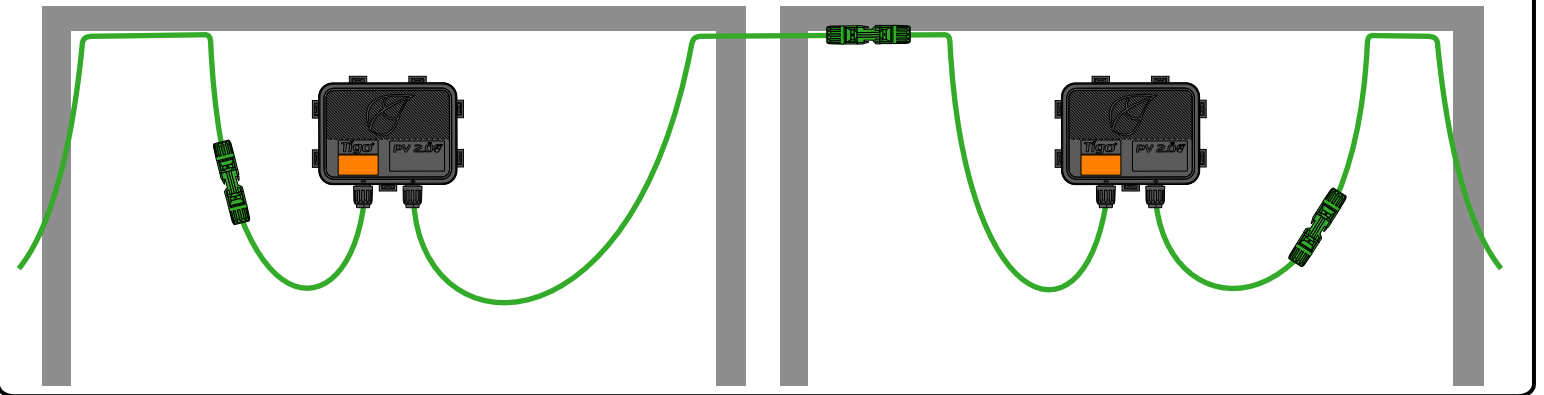
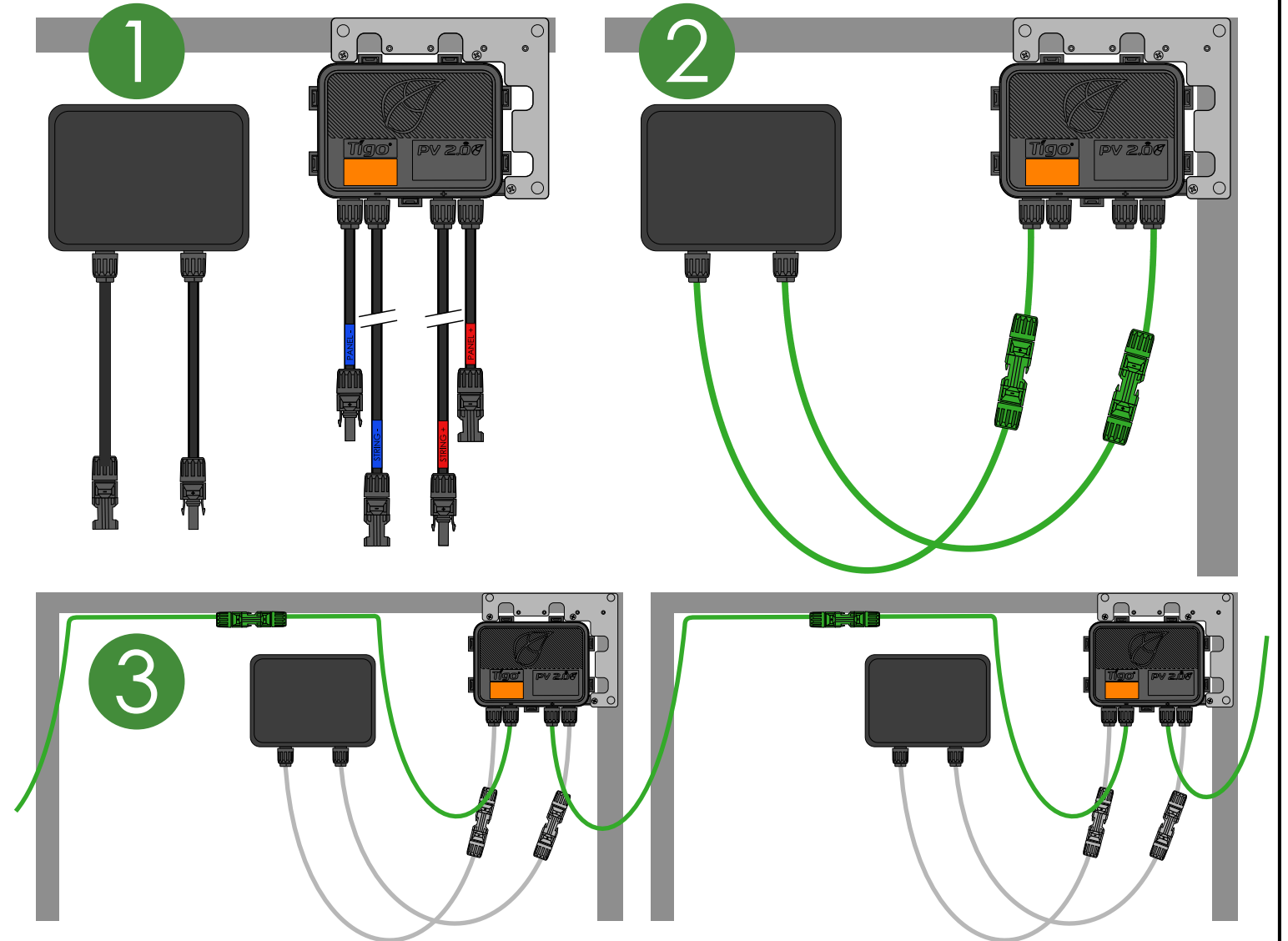


### TS4-F (Integrated)

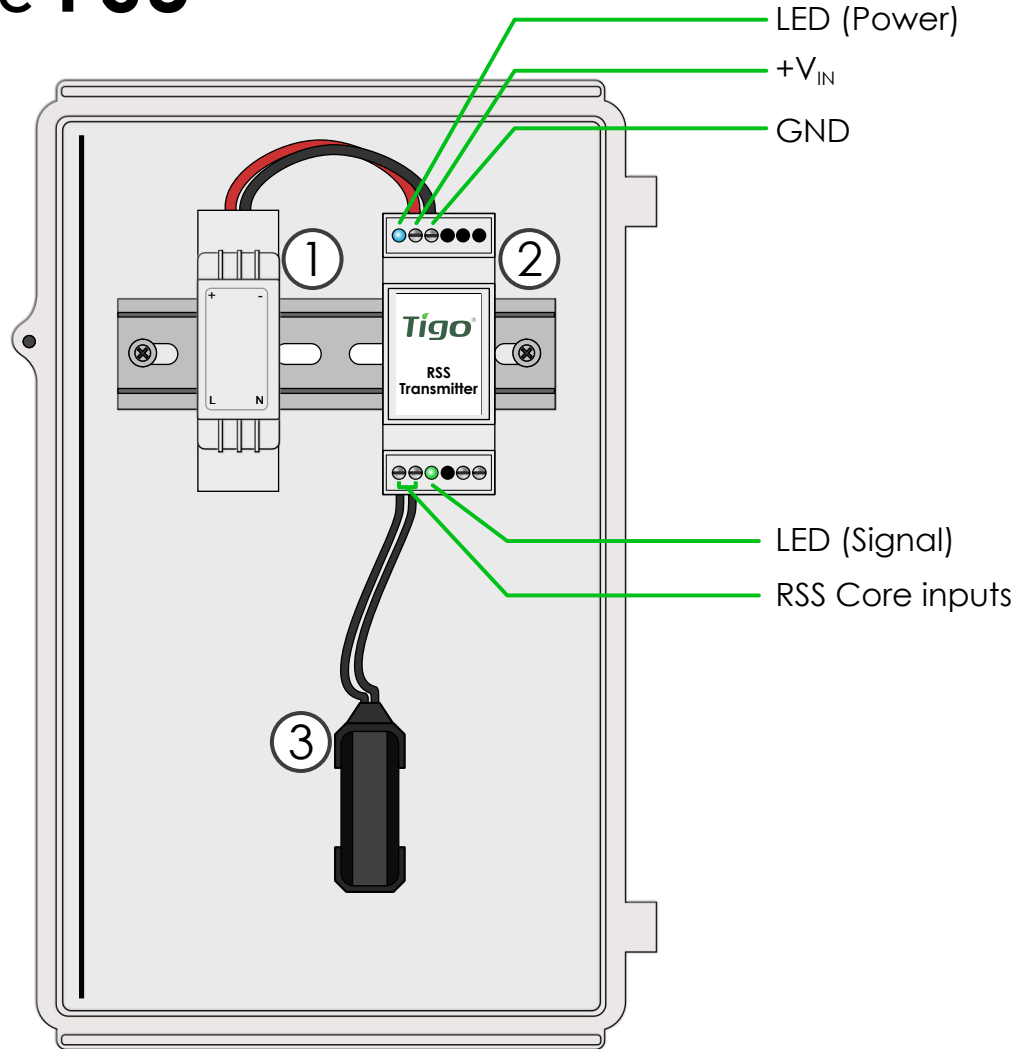


### TS4-R-F (Add-on/Retrofit)



- Note: When installing TS4-R-F, connect the input cables to the PV module before connecting the TS4-R-F output cables in series.
- If disconnecting TS4-R-F, disconnect the TS4-R-F output cables from the string before disconnecting the input cables from the PV module.
- **RSS transmitter must be powered off during TS4-F or TS4-R-F installation.**

## 85-264V<sub>AC</sub> PSU



- ① DIN Rail PSU
- ② RSS Transmitter
- ③ RSS Core (CT)

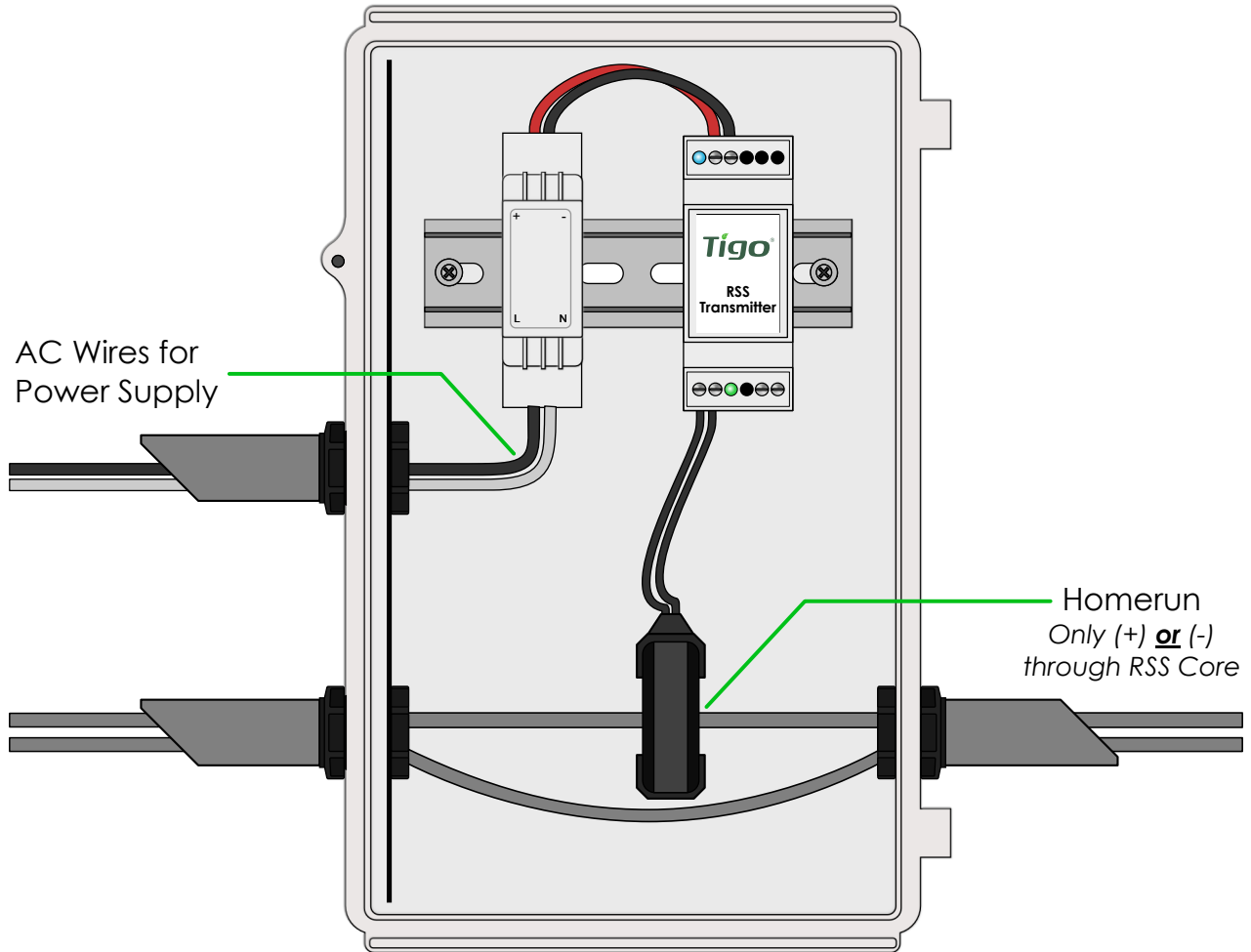
Transmitter power supply must be on same AC branch circuit as inverter to meet rapid shutdown requirements.

### Note: Install TS4-F before powering on RSS Transmitter

- Drill holes in enclosure for conduit (see drilling guide for placement)
- Mount RSS Transmitter and power supply on DIN rail
- Connect DC leads from power supply ① to transmitter ②
- Connect RSS Core ③ to transmitter

Place rapid shutdown system label no more than 1 m (3ft) from RSS Transmitter or AC disconnect if not at same location.

## 85-264V<sub>AC</sub> PSU



Note: Install TS4-F before powering on RSS Transmitter

- Pass either positive or negative homerun through RSS Core
- Connect wires to AC side of power supply

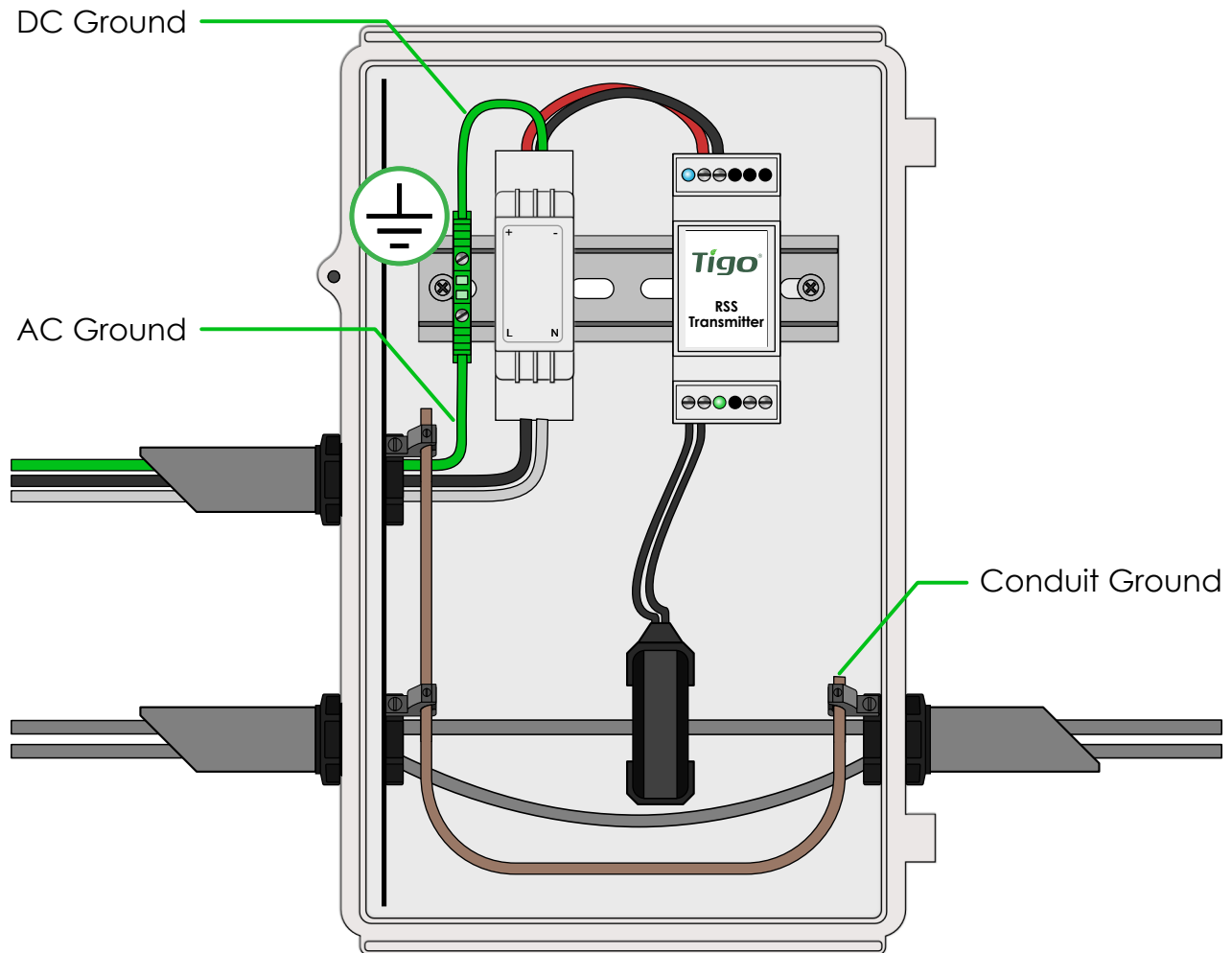
Max number of strings per RSS Core: **10**

Max string length: **30 modules**

Max current per RSS Core: **100A**

Max cable length from inverter (+) to inverter (-): **1000ft (300m)**

## 85-264V<sub>AC</sub> PSU

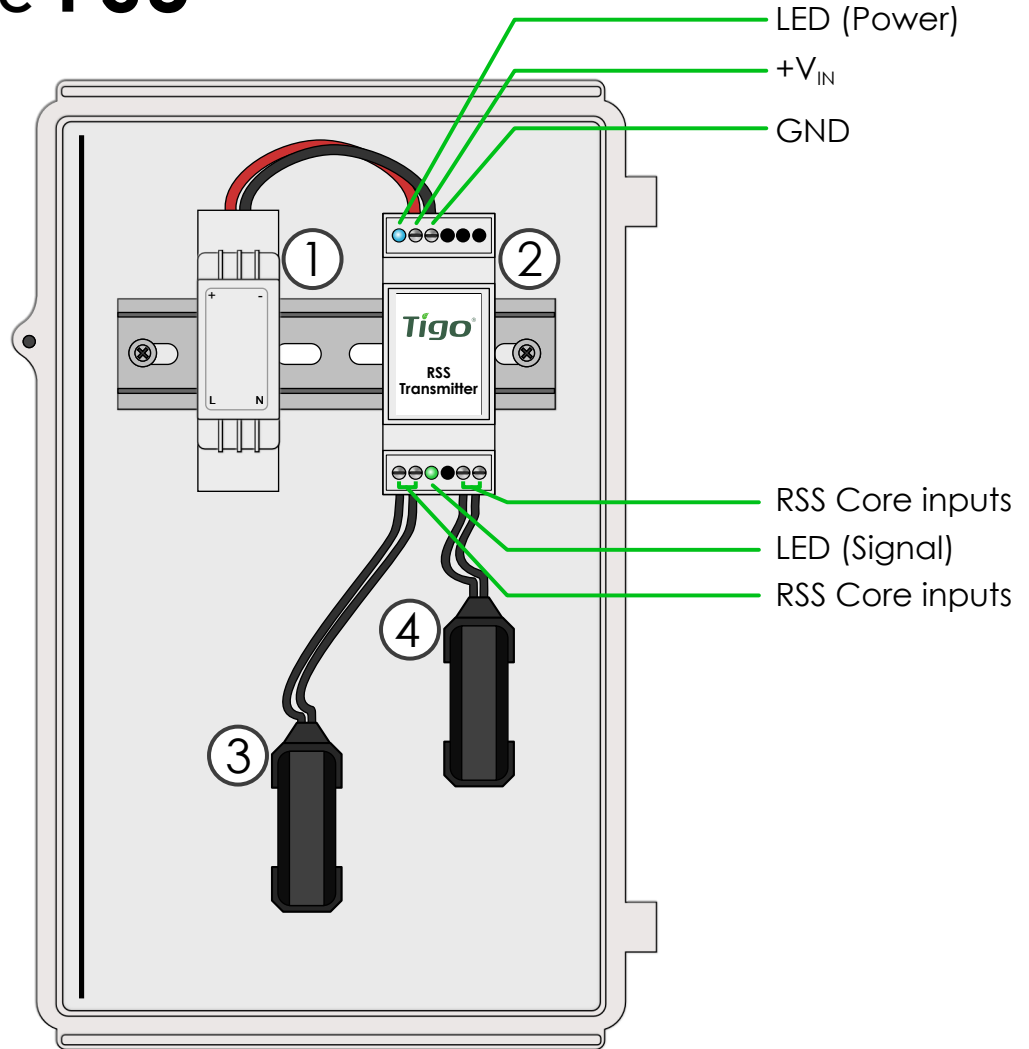


Note: Install TS4-F before powering on RSS Transmitter

- Connect AC and DC ground wires to DIN rail
- Ground all conduit connections
- Turn on AC power to Transmitter power supply to activate keep-alive signal and energize PV array

Warning: nonmetallic enclosure does not provide bonding between conduit connections. Use grounding type bushings and jumper wires.

## 85-264V<sub>AC</sub> PSU



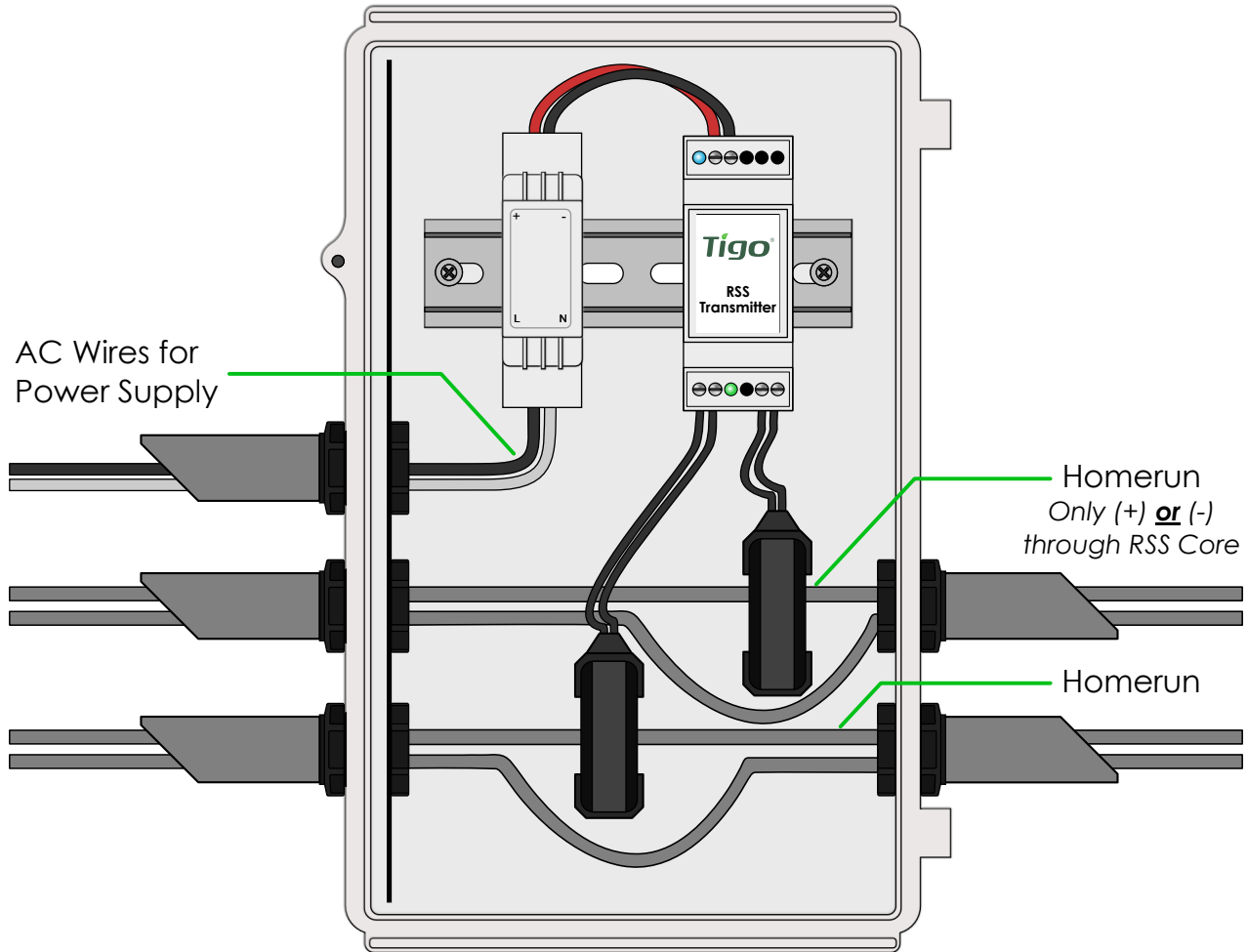
Transmitter power supply must be on same AC branch circuit as inverter to meet rapid shutdown requirements

Note: Install TS4-F before powering on RSS Transmitter

- Drill holes in enclosure for conduit (see drilling guide for placement)
- Mount RSS Transmitter and power supply on DIN rail
- Connect DC leads from power supply ① to transmitter ②
- Connect RSS Core ③ and ④ to transmitter

Place rapid shutdown system label no more than 1 m (3ft) from RSS Transmitter or AC disconnect if not at same location.

## 85-264V<sub>AC</sub> PSU



Note: Install TS4-F before powering on RSS Transmitter

- Pass either positive or negative homerun through RSS Cores
- Connect wires to AC side of power supply

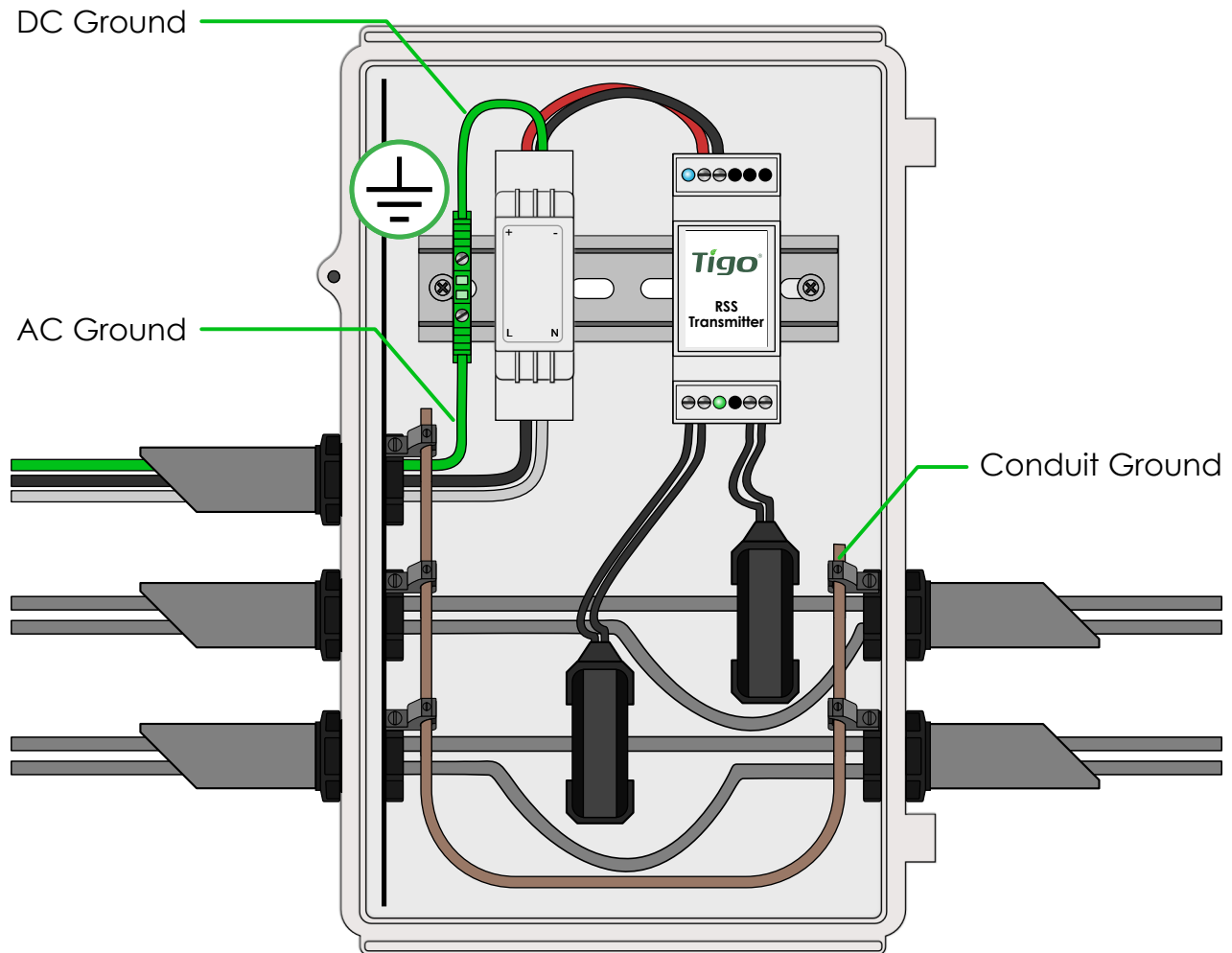
Max number of strings per RSS Core: **10**

Max string length: **30 modules**

Max current per RSS Core: **100A**

Max cable length from inverter (+) to inverter (-): **1000ft (300m)**

## 85-264V<sub>AC</sub> PSU



Note: Install TS4-F before powering on RSS Transmitter

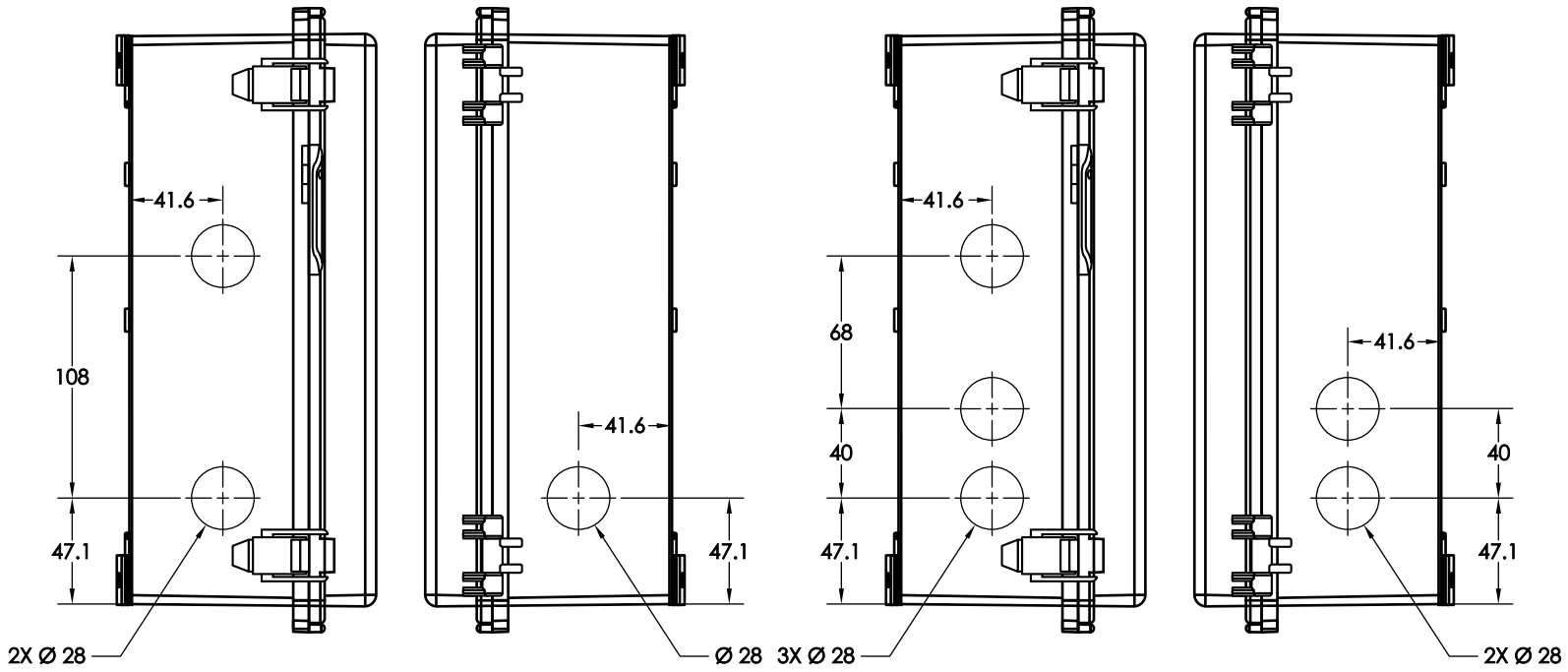
- Connect AC and DC ground wires to DIN rail
- Ground all conduit connections
- Turn on AC power to Transmitter power supply to activate keep-alive signal

Warning: nonmetallic enclosure does not provide bonding between conduit connections. Use grounding type bushings and jumper wires.

# Enclosure Drilling Guide for .75" Conduit

## Single Core

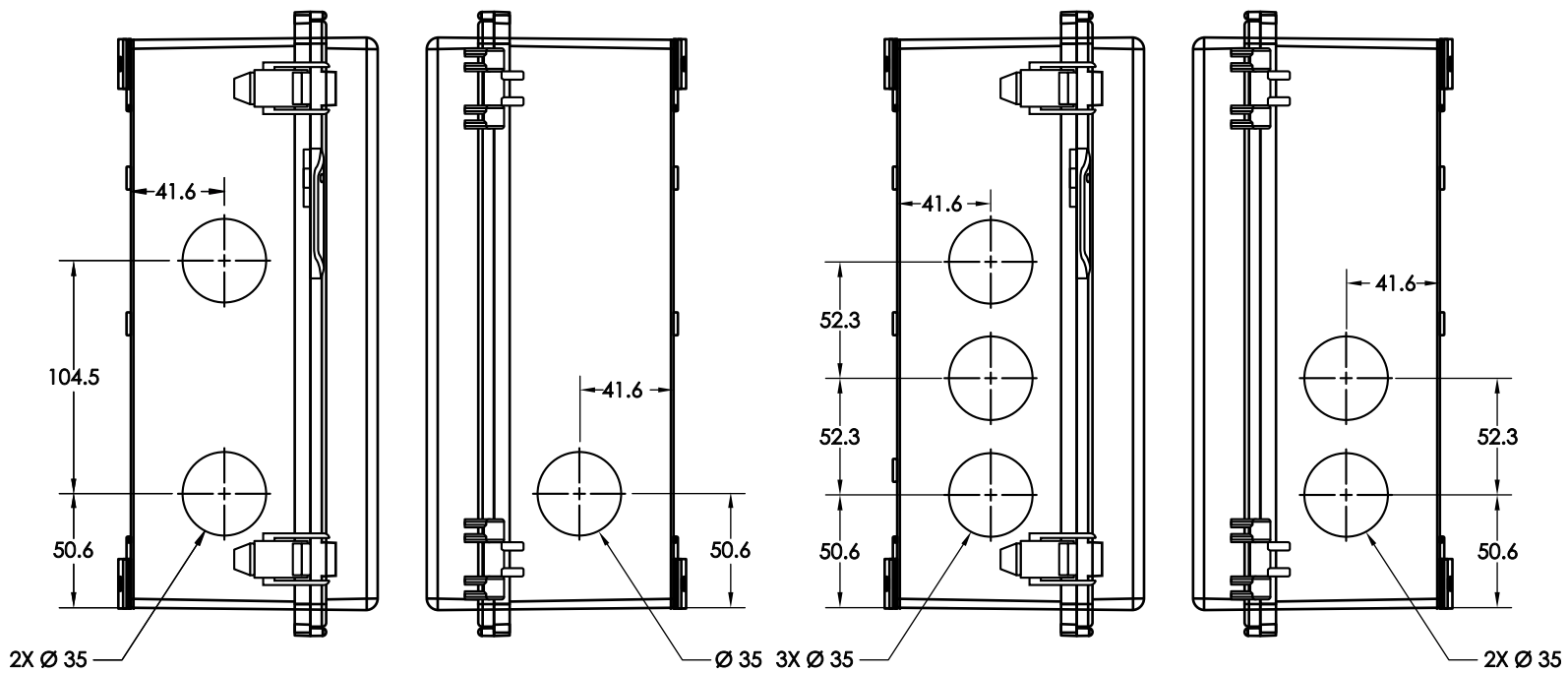
## Dual Core



# Enclosure Drilling Guide for 1" Conduit

## Single Core

## Dual Core



\*all dimensions in mm



## Troubleshooting TS4-F and RSS Transmitter

### TS4-F/TS4-R-F:

- Output voltage without active transmitter signal is **0.6V**
- Output voltage with active transmitter signal will be normal module  $V_{MP}$  or  $V_{OC}$
- If output is 0V contact Tigo support

### Check that the system conforms to the design rules for TS4-F:

- Up to 10 strings per RSS Core (CT)
- Up to 30 modules per string
- String length up to 1000ft (**total** cable length from + to - )
- Homeruns through RSS Core must be the same polarity (all positive **or** all negative)

### RSS Transmitter:

- Power LED should be lit and Signal LED should be blinking during operation
- Verify that RSS Core wiring is correct
- Power cycle RSS Transmitter if Signal LED is unlit
- While RSS Transmitter is powered off, string voltage should be  $(0.6V * \text{number of modules})$
- While RSS Transmitter is powered on, full string voltage should be present

Test individual strings with active RSS Transmitter one at a time in case of unexpected voltage.